

영어시험

1. 문맥으로 미루어 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 단어의 가장 적합한 형태는?

The horse is far superior to the camel for every kind of work except (travel) over a desert.

- ① traveled
- ② to travel
- ③ traveling
- ④ of travel
- ⑤ travelers

2. 문맥으로 미루어 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 단어의 가장 적합한 형태는?

As the properties of electricity became better (understand) during the early 19th century, European and American scientists experimented with various devices for sending messages by wire.

- ① understand
- ② understood
- ③ understanding
- ④ to understand
- ⑤ to be understood

3. 문맥으로 미루어 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 단어들의 가장 적합한 배열순서는?

When you read a book, especially a work of art, you should (lose be not to sight careful) of its essence by analyzing the contents in too much detail.

- ① be careful not to lose sight
- ② be careful to lose sight not
- ③ lose not to be careful sight
- ④ lose sight not to be careful
- ⑤ not be careful sight to not

4. 다음 중 밑줄 친 단어와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

Humor is a most effective, yet frequently neglected, means of handling the difficult situations in our lives.

- ① found
- ② created
- ③ ignored
- ④ displayed
- ⑤ concerned

5. 다음 중 밑줄 친 단어와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

I was proud of our soldiers who fought the enemies but when I learned of what they did in the battlefield, I was greatly struck with dismay.

- ① courage
- ② comfort
- ③ sympathy
- ④ disadvantage
- ⑤ disappointment

6. 다음 중 밑줄 친 구와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

You can't let your eyes glide across the lines of a book and come up with an understanding of what you have read.

- ① gain
- ② inquire
- ③ explore
- ④ remember
- ⑤ accompany

7. 다음 중 밑줄 친 구와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

In the court I answered all questions truthfully, because I was innocent and had nothing to keep hidden.

- ① reveal
- ② commit
- ③ declare
- ④ conceal
- ⑤ communicate

8. 다음 중 밑줄 친 단어와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

A group of researchers asked officials of 75 corporations to list, from their own experience, the most common causes for the dismissal of office workers.

- ① service
- ② discharge
- ③ employment
- ④ assignment
- ⑤ negligence

9. 다음 중 밑줄 친 단어와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

Science is the great adventure of our age. Shortly before the turn of the century this revolutionary new force began attracting geniuses of the time.

- ① artistic
- ② temporary
- ③ successful
- ④ innovative
- ⑤ experimental

10. 다음 중 밑줄 친 구와 문맥상 가장 의미가 유사한 것은?

The rest of the staff backed her up when she complained about working conditions.

- ① ignored her
- ② betrayed her
- ③ supported her
- ④ pushed her aside
- ⑤ distanced from her

11. 다음 중 문맥으로 미루어 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

Most foreigners often think of American women as _____. But in order to understand such unique traits, they should remember that American women have fought for 250 years to establish their independent way of living in a big and wild country.

- ① too mysterious and too subtle
- ② too strong and too independent
- ③ very sociable and very interactive
- ④ very kind and very incomprehensible
- ⑤ extremely cooperative and solitary

12. 다음 중 글의 내용으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Police are looking for a person who robbed two gas stations this week with a hammer while wearing a mask. The first robbery happened Wednesday. The robber entered a gas station. He approached the clerk and demanded money, then ran away with some cash. The second one happened early this morning at a convenience store. The robber got out of a car while two other people remained inside. The robber in this incident also entered the store with a hammer and demanded money, then ran away with some cash. The vehicle was described as an older model, green four-door car with a garbage bag over the broken driver's side rear window and collision damage to the rear. No one was injured in either robbery.

- ① 경찰이 강도용의자를 추적하고 있음
- ② 도난당한 차량을 경찰이 찾고 있음
- ③ 무장 강도가 도주 중에 차량사고를 일으킴
- ④ 청소부로 위장한 무장 강도가 편의점에 침입함
- ⑤ 강도에 의해 납치된 편의점 종업원을 경찰이 찾고 있음

13. 다음 중 문맥으로 미루어 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

Do you remember the last time someone gave you a compliment? Perhaps they said you looked nice, or they recognized the hard work you had done. They might not have gone on and on about how great you are, but even a simple *thank you* can make you feel better about yourself. You can make someone else feel good today with a few short words. Mother Teresa once said, "Kind words can be short and easy to speak, but their echoes are truly endless." This is an excellent saying that shows the power of _____.

- ① profound silence
- ② sincere hard work
- ③ deep intelligence
- ④ good appearances
- ⑤ simple compliments

14. 다음 중, 저자가 전달하고자 하는 주된 내용과 가장 가까운 것은?

Pets have been reported from all human societies of all times. The variety of wild animals thus tamed includes some species that we would scarcely have imagined as pets. In the New Guinea villages, for example, people with pet kangaroos, possums, and birds are often observed. They even regularly capture chicks of wild cassowaries and raise them even though captive adult cassowaries are extremely dangerous and now and then disembowel village people. Some Asian peoples tame eagles for use in hunting, although those powerful pets have also been known on occasion to kill their human handlers. Ancient Egyptians tamed cheetahs for use in hunting and very surprisingly they also tamed hyenas. African elephants were tamed in Roman times despite the obvious danger, and Asian elephants are still being tamed today. Perhaps the most unlikely pet is the brown bear, which the Ainu people of Japan regularly captured as young animals, tamed, and reared to kill and eat in a ritual ceremony, known as *Kamui Iomande*, through which, the Ainu thought, they were sending the soul of bear to heaven.

- ① 애완동물은 큰 동물보다는 대개 작은 동물이 선호된다.
- ② 위험한 동물일수록 종교적으로 특별하게 취급된다.
- ③ 애완동물은 대부분 식용을 위해 잠시 기르는 것이다.
- ④ 사나운 동물은 어렸을 때 포획하여 애완동물로 길러야 한다.
- ⑤ 어떤 사회에서는 매우 위험한 동물도 애완동물로 길들여졌다.

15. 다음 중, 글의 주된 내용과 가장 부합한 것은?

From a technical point of view, the harnessing of electric power exerted a greater influence on stage design and production techniques than any other single invention. Stage lighting, as opposed to mere stage illumination, became raised to the status of an art form and revolutionized stage decoration, stage design, and stage form in that order. For the first time since the theater moved indoors during the Renaissance, adequate and safe illumination became possible. But beyond mere function and safety there was inherent in the medium a flexibility and subtlety that has allowed it to become an integral part of scenic effect and to heighten visual expression for artistic purposes.

- ① 전기 조명은 연극의 예술적 측면에 큰 변화를 가져왔다.
- ② 무대 조명은 르네상스 시대에 처음으로 도입되었다.
- ③ 무대 조명은 적절한 광도와 안전이 가장 중요시된다.
- ④ 전기 조명 도입 이전에는 연극 무대가 매우 어두웠다.
- ⑤ 무대 디자인은 무대 조명을 통해 처음으로 시작되었다.

[16-17] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Apples may not really keep the doctor away, but they certainly help to keep the senses healthy. For the touch, the apple offers a shape that invites you to curl your hand around it. For [A]_____, the apple tree offers its beautiful blossoms in spring, the distinctive green of its leaf in summer, the bright contrasts of the fruit-full orchard in fall, the dramatic silhouette of gnarled, bare branches in winter. For the nose, the scent of the blossoms, the fine aroma of the fruit. For the palate, tastes from tart to sweet, and countless recipes beginning with pies and cobblers and ranging wide. But best of all, perhaps, is the bite. That first sweet, juicy snap of an apple in the harvest season makes a moment to be savored.

16. 다음 중 윗글의 핵심 주제로서 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 사과는 다양한 요리의 식재료로 사용된다.
- ② 사과는 날로 먹거나 요리해서 먹을 수 있다.
- ③ 사과와 사과나무는 예술적 영감을 불러일으킨다.
- ④ 사과의 다양한 감각적 즐거움을 가져다준다.
- ⑤ 사과가 의사를 멀리하게 해준다는 것은 속설이다.

17. 다음 중 글의 문맥으로 미루어 빈칸 [A]에 가장 적합한 것은?

- ① poets
- ② plants
- ③ seasons
- ④ the body
- ⑤ the eyes

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[18-19] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Romanticism was an artistic movement that originated in Europe toward the end of the 18th century. It was characterized by its emphasis on emotion and individualism as well as glorification of all the past and nature, preferring the medieval rather than the classical. It was partly a reaction to the Industrial Revolution, the aristocratic social and political norms of the Age of Enlightenment, and the scientific rationalization of nature — all components of modernity. The movement emphasized [A]_____ as an authentic source of aesthetic experience, placing new emphasis on such emotions as apprehension, horror and terror, and awe — especially that experienced in confronting the new aesthetic categories of the sublimity and beauty of nature. In contrast to the Rationalism and Classicism of the Enlightenment, Romanticism revived medievalism and elements of art perceived as authentically medieval in an attempt to escape modernity, which was viewed problematic as exemplified by population growth, early urban sprawl, industrialism, etc. It assigned a high value to the achievements of 'heroic' individualists and artists, whose examples would raise the quality of society. It also promoted the individual imagination as a critical authority allowed of freedom from classical notions of form in art. The decline of Romanticism was associated with multiple processes, including the spread of nationalism.

18. 다음 중 윗글의 핵심 주제로서 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 고전주의와 낭만주의의 대조
- ② 예술사조로서의 낭만주의의 특징
- ③ 국가주의에 의한 낭만주의의 쇠퇴
- ④ 예술적 격변기인 18세기 예술세계
- ⑤ 산업화에 대한 반동으로서의 낭만주의

19. 문맥으로 미루어 빈칸 [A]에 가장 적합한 것은?

- ① visual delight
- ② surreal beauty
- ③ intense emotion
- ④ social interaction
- ⑤ individual imagination

[20-21] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Art at its best significantly enriches human understanding. This is why, despite all the evident differences, it can justifiably be ranked alongside science in the achievements of the intellect. Since language is the normal instrument for learning and understanding and at the same time the medium of the literary arts, it would seem to follow that literature is perfectly suited to the task of contributing to human understanding. However, even though language is a medium common to the literary arts and to other forms of human understanding such as history, philosophy, and the sciences, the role of literary arts in their contribution to human understanding cannot be straightforwardly explained. [A]_____, if language in its ordinary everyday form can be used to promote understanding, why should we need, value, or indeed even have literary artistry? To put the matter simply, though a little misleadingly, why would we need poetry as well as prose?

20. 다음 중 윗글의 핵심 주제로서 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 모든 형태의 예술은 인간의 이해를 획기적으로 증진시킨다.
- ② 문학이 인간의 이해에 기여하는 역할은 쉽게 설명되지 않는다.
- ③ 과학이나 기타 학문과 마찬가지로 예술에서 언어의 역할은 중요하다.
- ④ 문학은 역사, 철학, 과학보다도 인간의 이해에 더 강력한 영향을 준다.
- ⑤ 문학이 인간의 이해를 깊게 해주는 것은 바로 언어가 사용되기 때문이다.

21. 문맥으로 미루어 [A]에 가장 적합한 것은?

- ① Therefore
- ② Last of all
- ③ To conclude
- ④ For instance
- ⑤ On the other hand

A common barrier to intercultural communication occurs when you assume similarities and ignore differences. When you do, you'll fail to notice important distinctions and be more apt to miscommunicate. In a fast-globalizing world, this can pose a serious problem. Consider this example: An American invites a Filipino coworker to dinner. The Filipino politely refuses. The American is hurt and feels that the Filipino does not want to be friendly, [A]_____ the Filipino is hurt and concludes that the invitation was not extended sincerely. Here, it seems, both the American and the Filipino assume that their customs for inviting people to dinner are the same when, in fact, they aren't. A Filipino expects to be invited several times before accepting a dinner invitation. When an invitation is given only once, it's viewed as insincere. This kind of reasoning is entirely absent in the mind of Americans.

22. 다음 중 본문의 핵심 주장과 가장 가까운 것은?

- ① 미국인과 필리핀인들은 공중도덕과 예의규범이 극단적으로 다르다.
- ② 말 속에 숨겨진 상대방의 진심을 읽지 못하면 대인관계에 큰 장애가 된다.
- ③ 이문화간의 효과적인 의사소통을 위해서는 문화적 공통점과 차이점을 잘 알아야 한다.
- ④ 식사 초대와 이에 대한 거절은 문화적으로 가장 민감한 대화행위 범주에 속한다.
- ⑤ 다문화 세계에서는 문화적 공통정보보다는 차이점이 지나치게 강조되는 경향이 있다.

23. 문맥으로 미루어 다음 중 [A]에 가장 적합한 것은?

- ① whereas
- ② because
- ③ as though
- ④ in which case
- ⑤ for the same reason

[24-25] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Buddhism, which had deeply permeated Korean elite culture long before the political unification of the country in the seventh century and served as the national religion until the end of the fourteenth century, had an enormous impact on the arts of Korea. The majority of Korea's most important surviving art treasures were inspired by the practice of this religion. According to Buddhist teachings, devotees attain religious merit through the commissioning and production of images and texts. This belief motivated the creation of enormous numbers of sacred figures, ritual implements, paintings, and illuminated manuscripts of Buddhist scriptures. Many of these objects were made for the numerous temples built by the Three Kingdoms and Unified Silla kings as well as the Goryeo monarchs and nobles. Because members of the upper classes were for centuries the primary proponents of Buddhism in Korea, huge sums were lavished on the production of exquisite devotional objects of all kinds. Religious texts, or sutras, provide the foundation of Buddhist belief. Sutras were copied and often illustrated by hand or produced in multiple copies with the technique of woodblock printing. Highly skilled calligraphers and painters were employed by the royal court and aristocracy to produce these sacred works using the finest materials. Needless to say, this enterprise, like many others, required strong financial support for an extended period of time.

24. 다음 중 윗글의 핵심 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 불교의 흥왕에 따른 경전 목판 인쇄술의 획기적 발달
- ② 귀족과 왕실의 불교 숭상에 따른 불상 조각기술의 발달
- ③ 불교의 확산과 서예가, 화가들의 대대적인 왕실 예술 활동
- ④ 삼국시대부터 고려시대까지 한국예술에 미친 불교의 영향
- ⑤ 삼국시대, 통일신라시대, 고려시대 각 시대별 불교예술의 특징

25. 다음 중 본문에서 저자가 주장하는 것으로 가장 적합한 것은?

- ① 불교 건축, 회화, 조각 등은 주로 독실한 평민들의 헌신적 봉헌에 의존하였다.
- ② 불교예술 중 경전 제작은 서예와 인쇄술의 발달을 가져온 점에서 가장 중요하다.
- ③ 불교예술은 7세기부터 14세기까지 눈부시게 발전하고 그 후 급속히 쇠퇴하였다.
- ④ 대부분의 불교 사찰들은 불교가 처음 전래되었던 삼국시대에 활발하게 건축되었다.
- ⑤ 불교 예술의 발달에는 왕실과 부유한 귀족들의 재정적 지원이 큰 역할을 하였다.

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